

**URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF
CONNAH'S QUAY**



**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
AND
PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31st. DECEMBER, 1970.**

Public Health Department,
Council Offices,
Civic Centre,
Connah's Quay.
Deeside.
CH5 4HB.
Flintshire.

September, 1971.

To the Chairman and Members of the
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL OF CONNAH'S QUAY.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you my Annual Report on the health of the District for the year 1970.

The estimated population at mid-year was 12,010, compared with 11,430 in 1969, giving an increase in estimated population of 580. The birth and death rates are based on this population estimate.

For estimating birth and death rates for comparison with the rates of other districts and the rates for England and Wales, a comparability factor is given annually by the Registrar General, allowance being made for the age and sex distribution in the District. This factor in 1970 was 1.09 for births and 1.74 for deaths.

Births in 1970 were 268 (compared with 244 in 1969) giving a crude birth rate of 22.3 and an adjusted birth rate of 24.3 per 1,000 population. The rate for England and Wales was 16.0. The illegitimate birth rate, at 4% of live births was half that for England and Wales.

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Deaths during the year numbered 98, (53 males and 45 females) compared with 77 in 1969, 88 in 1968, 83 in 1967 and 78 in 1966. The death rate per 1000 population was 8.2, compared with 6.7 in 1969 and 8.04 in 1968. The rate for England and Wales was 11.7. There were 4 deaths of infants under one year, compared with none in 1969 and 5 in 1968.

There were again no deaths from Diphtheria or Poliomyelitis, and it must again be stressed that infants should be immunised against these diseases, as well as against whooping cough, tetanus and measles. The protective inoculations are available from the family doctor and the Welfare Centre.

Of the 98 deaths during the year, 44 were due to disease of the heart and circulatory system, i.e. 47% of all deaths. Cancer accounted for 24 deaths, i.e. 25% of the total. Lung cancer caused the death of 5 men. Bronchitis, pneumonia and emphysema caused 11 deaths, 11% of the total deaths. Thus circulatory diseases, cancer and respiratory ailments accounted for over 83% of the deaths.

There was one death from non-pulmonary tuberculosis. Five persons died as a result of accidents, three being motor accidents.

There were 3 new cases of pulmonary tuberculosis notified during the year, compared with 2 in 1969, none in 1968 and 2 in 1967.

During the year, notifications were received of 4 cases of measles, 7 cases of whooping cough, 6 cases of scarlet fever, 1 case of meningitis, 2 cases of dysentery and 1 case of jaundice. There were no cases of food poisoning notified.

Examination of the Public Health Inspector's Report will show how varied are the duties carried out in the Department. Matters dealt with from day to day include Housing, Cleansing, Food Hygiene, Offices, Shops and Railway Premises, Infectious Diseases, Meat Inspection, Unsound Food and Pest Control.

In conclusion, I wish to thank all the Members of the Health Committee for their support, and in particular your Chairman Councillor Mr. L. Whitehead; your Clerk, Mr. L. Williams has been most helpful, and I am grateful to him and to Mr. C. Stoddard, Public Health Inspector, for the smooth running of the Health Department. Mr. R. A. Thompson, Additional Public Health Inspector, and Miss. J. E. Knight, Clerk/Typist have been of much help during the year, and I am grateful for their assistance.

I am, Ladies and Gentlemen,

Your Obedient Servant,

D. J. FRASER.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

SECTION A.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area	4,218 acres.
Population (estimated).	12,010
Rateable Value.	£1,702,713
Product of Penny Rate.	£7,149

INDUSTRIAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

The Urban District of Connah's Quay is on the South West Bank of the River Dee. The climate is temperate in all seasons, making the winter somewhat mild and giving the district a healthy aspect.

There is very little unemployment in the District.

Most of the male adult population are employed at a local steelworks, or in work connected with the steel industry.

Some of the population work at Courtaulds Synthetic Fibre Factories at Flint and Greenfield.

In recent years, some local people and especially those who are recently arrived in the district, work at the Vauxhall Motor Works at Ellesmere Port in Cheshire.

During the year building of new estates of dwelling houses continued, and with this an influx of new residents. It would be desirable for the well being of the area if the newcomers brought industry with them. Dormitory towns and long distance commuting to and from work do not foster a sense of community.

V I T A L S T A T I S T I C S .

Population: Registrar General's estimate at mid-year 1970 - 12,010

1961 Census - 8,375
1971 Census - 12,296

Live Births:

Number - 268
Rate per 1000 population - 22.3
Adjusted local birth rate - 24.3
National birth rate per 1000 population - 16.0
Illegitimate live births - 11
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births - 4
Illegitimate live births per cent of total live births - England & Wales - 8

Still Births:

Number - 7
Rate per 1000 total live and still births - 25
National still birth rate - 18
Total live and still births - 275

Infant Deaths (under 1 year) - 4

Infant Mortality Rate:

Total infant deaths per 1000 total live births - 15
Legitimate infant deaths per 1000 legitimate live births - 12
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1000 illegitimate live births - 91
National infant mortality rate per 1000 live births - 18

Neo-natal mortality rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1000 total live births) - 7

National neo-natal mortality rate - 12

Early neo-natal mortality rate (deaths under 1 week per 1000 live births) - 4

National early neo-natal mortality rate - 11

Peri-natal mortality rate (still births and deaths under 1 week per 1000
total live and still births) - 29

National peri-natal mortality rate - 23

Maternal mortality (including abortion):

Number of deaths - Nil.
Rate per 1000 total live and still births - Nil.

Deaths (from all causes) - 98

Crude death rate per 1000 population - 8.2
Adjusted local death rate - 14.3
National death rate per 1000 population - 11.7

VITAL STATISTICS.

	<u>1967</u>		<u>1968</u>		<u>1969</u>		<u>1970</u>	
	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>F</u>
Live Births	232		248		244		268	
Legitimate	116	102	130	106	117	121	132	125
Illegitimate	7	7	10	2	2	4	6	5

BIRTH RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION.

Connah's Quay	22.30	22.66	21.3	22.3
England and Wales	17.2	16.9	16.3	16.0

STILL BIRTHS - RATE PER 1,000 LIVE AND STILL BIRTHS.

Connah's Quay	21.09	4.01	16.0	25.0
England and Wales	14.08	14.0	13.0	13.0

DEATH RATE OF INFANTS UNDER 1 YEAR PER 1,000 LIVE BIRTHS.

Connah's Quay	25.86	20.16	11.1	15.0
England and Wales	18.03	18.0	18.0	18.0

DEATH FROM ALL CAUSES.

TOTAL:-	83	88	77	98
Connah's Quay - Rate	7.98	8.04	6.7	8.2
England and Wales - Rate	11.2	11.09	11.9	11.7

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF BIRTH RATES.

<u>YEAR.</u>	<u>CONNAH'S QUAY.</u>	<u>ENGLAND AND WALES.</u>
1960.	21.4	17.1
1961.	20.6	17.4
1962.	19.2	18.0
1963.	21.8	18.2
1964.	19.2	18.4
1965.	20.1	18.1
1966.	19.18	17.7
1967.	22.30	17.2
1968.	22.66	16.9
1969.	21.3	16.3
1970.	22.3	16.0

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF DEATH RATES.

1960.	13.2	11.5
1961.	12.5	11.9
1962.	13.1	11.9
1963.	13.1	12.2
1964.	15.5	11.3
1965.	12.3	11.5
1966.	12.19	11.7
1967.	7.98	11.2
1968.	8.04	11.9
1969.	6.07	11.9
1970.	8.02	11.7

	<u>MALE.</u>	<u>FEMALE.</u>	<u>TOTAL.</u>
Number of Deaths from all Causes:	53	45	98
Deaths from Cancer of the Lungs and Bronchus:	6	0	6
Deaths from other forms of Cancer:	5	13	18

CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE DURING 1970 IN
THE URBAN DISTRICT OF CONNAH'S QUAY.

CAUSE OF DEATH.	Sex.	Total all Ages.	Under 4 weeks.	4 weeks and under 1 year	AGE IN YEARS.								75 and Over.
					1	5	15	25	35	45	55	65	
Other Tuberculosis.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Infective and parasitic diseases.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malignant Neoplasm, Oesophagus.	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus.	M	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malignant Neoplasm, Breast.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	1
Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Malignant Neoplasm, Prostate.	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leukaemia.	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach.	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Malignant Neoplasms.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	3
Benign and unspecified Neoplasms.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-

CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE DURING 1970 IN THE
URBAN DISTRICT OF CONNAH'S QUAY Continued/...

CAUSE OF DEATH.	Sex.	Total all Ages.	Under 4 Weeks.	4 Weeks and under 1 year.	AGE IN YEARS.								75 and Over.
					1	5	15	25	35	45	55	65	
Diabetes Mellitus.	M	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
Avitaminoses. etc.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Other Endocrine Diseases.	M	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Hypertensive Disease.	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Ischaemic Heart Disease.	M	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	3	5
	F	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	6
Other Forms of Heart Disease.	M	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cerebrovascular Disease.	M	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	4	3
	F	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	4
Other Diseases of Circulatory System.	M	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	2
	F	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2
Influenza.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Pneumonia.	M	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
	F	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE DURING 1970 IN
THE URBAN DISTRICT OF CONNAH'S QUAY Continued/.....

CAUSE OF DEATH.	Sex.	Total All Ages.	Under 4 Weeks.	4 Weeks and under 1 year.	AGE IN YEARS.								75 and Over.
					1	5	15	25	35	45	55	65	
Bronchitis and Emphysema.	M	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	1
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Other Diseases of Digestive System.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Congenital Anomalies.	M	2	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Motor Vehicle Accidents.	M	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-
All Other Accidents.	M	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	F	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
<u>TOTAL ALL CAUSES.</u>	M	53	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	2	12	16	17
	F	45	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	4	6	6	23

SECTION B.

GENERAL PROVISIONS OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

STAFF.

Medical Officer of Health: -

D. J. Fraser,
M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Public Health Inspector:-

Mr. C. Stoddard,
M. A. P. H. I.

Additional
Public Health Inspector:-

Mr. R. A. Thompson,
M. A. P. H. I.

Clerk:-

Miss. J. E. Knight.

The Medical Officer of Health in addition to being Assistant County Medical Officer is Medical Officer of Health to the Borough of Flint, the Urban Districts of Connah's Quay, Mold and Buckley and the Rural Districts of Hawarden and Maelor.

The Public Health Inspectors Department is responsible for the supervision of refuse collection and disposal, work under the Public Health Acts, Housing Acts, Food and Drugs Act, Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, Pet Animals Act, Slaughter of Animals Acts, Clean Air Act, Factories Act, and the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act.

LABORATORY FACILITIES:-

1. The Public Health Laboratory Service, Conway..
2. The Royal Infirmary, Chester.
3. Public Health Laboratory Service, City Hospital, Chester.
4. Messrs.Ruddock and Sherratt, Public Analyst, Watergate Street,
Chester.

NURSING IN THE HOME:-

The nursing of non-infectious sick is provided by the Flintshire County Council under the National Health Service Act, 1948. Home help is provided in the District.

CLINICS:-

The Flintshire County Council provided Clinic facilities at the Civic Centre, Wepre Drive as follows:-

Maternity and Child Welfare	Weekly.
Dental Clinic for Children and Expectant Mothers.	Weekly.
Handicraft Class for Physically Handicapped Adults.	Weekly.
Paediatric Clinic.	Monthly.
Antenatal Clinic.	Weekly.
Mothercraft Class.	Weekly.
Cervical Smear Clinics.	Fortnightly.

The Mental Welfare Office for the Deeside Area and Home Visitor to handicapped persons on the staff of the County Medical Officer have offices in the building.

A voluntary staff attend the Maternity and Child Welfare Clinics to distribute baby foods.

HOSPITALS:-

1. The Liverpool Hospital Regional Board (which includes Chester).
2. The Clwyd and Deeside Managment Committee.

MEALS ON WHEELS:-

A meals on wheels service supplies hot meals to elderly people twice a week.

SECTION C.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES IN THE AREA.

The Central Flintshire Water Board is responsible for the water supply for the Urban District of Connah's Quay, which is drawn from The Alwen Aquaduct, the local source having been abandoned.

During the year 26 samples of water from various parts of the district were submitted to the Public Health Laboratory Service by the Health Department for examination and were found to be satisfactory.

(1). DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

Work which commenced in July, 1968, on the extensions to the Sewage Works is now completed, at a total cost of over £140,000.

A satisfactory standard of effluent is being constantly maintained.

(2). RIVERS AND STREAMS.

There are two streams flowing into the river and since the opening of the new sewage works during 1965 there has been a marked decrease in the pollution of the banks of these streams.

(3). PUBLIC CLEANSING.

Public cleansing is carried out satisfactorily.

(4). REFUSE COLLECTION AND DISPOSAL.

A weekly collection of household refuse was maintained during the year and facilities are provided for the collection and disposal of other refuse at the request of the householder.

The tip is in a sand pit used by the Council, and a Weatherill Loading Shovel is used for covering and levelling the deposited refuse.

Regular insect and rodent control measures are taken and there is no evidence of any major infestation.

(5). SMOKE ABATEMENT.

The existing Smoke Control Area has created no major problems during the year under review, nor were there any complaints regarding industrial users.

(6). SWIMMING BATH AND POOLS.

MR. W. H. CAMPS, THE MANAGER OF THE COUNCIL'S SWIMMING BATH
HAS SUPPLIED THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ON THE SWIMMING BATH.

"The Swimming Bath was opened on the 12th August, 1961. It lies on the South side of the Civic Centre. The pool is 110ft. long and 42ft. wide, this length allows for National Events to take place. It is 3ft. deep at the shallow end and 11ft. 6ins. at the deep end.

The whole of the bath surround is tiled with non-slip tiles, and the pool is tiled with blue tiles.

The bath is provided with a 1 metre and a 3 metre spring board, also a 3 metre firm board, so diving competitions can take place.

Alongside the bath are the changing rooms, clothing storage rooms, shower baths, foot baths and toilets are conveniently placed for the use of the bathers.

The pool holds 188,000 gallons of water, every 4 hours this water goes through a filtration and sterilisation process, it is drawn from pumps from the deep end of the bath, it then goes through strainers, and then on to the sand pressure filters. After filtration, it is re-heated and chlorine is then injected into the water to sterilise it.

The chlorine is used not only as a sterilising agent, although that is its main function, but also as an active strong oxidising agent performing many other useful functions in the process of water treatment.

The water is then returned to the pool at the shallow end of the bath.

The bath staff take tests every 3 hours to ensure that the water is kept at the standard laid down by the Ministry of Health. The Public Health Inspector also takes samples from the pool regularly, these are sent to a laboratory where the water is put through more extensive tests than can be carried out at the baths, reports of these samples are sent to the Medical Officer of Health, the Public Health Inspector and myself.

The heat for the bath is produced by two oil burning boilers and is thermatically controlled. These boilers are also used to supply heat and hot water for the Council Offices and the Civic Hall.

The following number of people attended the bath in 1970:-

Adults	...	51,591
Juniors	...	105,583
Spectators	...	19,151
Swimming Lessons	...	7,989
Classes	...	3,287
Schools	...	27,852
Clubs	...	17,756
TOTAL	...	233,209
		=====

During the year 36 samples of water were taken from the bath for bacteriological examination.

SECTION D.

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS
AND OTHER DISEASES GENERALLY.

NOTIFICATIONS
DURING
1970.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES:-

Measles	...	4
Whooping Cough	...	7
Scarlet Fever	...	6
Meningitis	...	1
Food Poisoning	...	0
Dysentery	...	2
Jaundice	...	1

There were 4 cases of measles, compared with 1 case in 1969. The 7 cases of whooping cough reflected the incidence of the complaint throughout the Country as a whole. Diagnosis is difficult because the characteristic "Whoop" is often absent in cases where the child had been immunised in infancy. There were 6 cases of mild scarlet fever, compared with 3 in 1969. In this complaint the rash is slight or disappears quickly. In recent years scarlet fever has decreased in severity, and usually is no more than "a sore throat with a rash". The meningitis was in a child of 4 years. This complaint has increased in recent years throughout the Country. There was a case of jaundice in an adult. There were 2 cases of dysentery compared with 6 in 1969. There were no cases of food poisoning notified.

SECTION D.

PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS
AND OTHER DISEASES GENERALLY ... CONTINUED.

TUBERCULOSIS (NEW CASES NOTIFIED) :-

Pulmonary	...	3
Non-Pulmonary	...	0

There were 3 new cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis notified. All were men around 30 years of age, and all had family history of Tuberculosis.

Although the incidence of Tuberculosis of all types has fallen in recent years, there is no room for complacency. It appears that immigrants bring Tuberculosis, and travellers returning from Countries where Tuberculosis is prevalent are liable to contract the complaint.

Although there are several excellent drugs available for the treatment of the disease, the aim should be prevention. The successful campaign which was waged to eradicate Tuberculosis in dairy cattle is an example of what can be achieved with the co-operation of all those concerned.

SECTION E.

FOOD SUPERVISION.

(1). NUMBER OF FOOD PREMISES IN THE AREA:-

Butchers.	...	7
Licensed Premises.	...	15
Cafes, Restaurants Etc.	...	3
Canteens and School Kitchens.	...	6
Fish Friers.	...	7
Fishmongers.	...	1
Greengrocers and Fishmongers.	...	3
Greengrocers.	...	4
Grocers.	...	12
Bakehouses.	...	-
General.	...	9
Manufacture of cooked meats and sausages.	...	4
Wholesale Meat Supply.	...	-
Supermarkets.	...	4

(2). NUMBER OF PREMISES REGISTERED UNDER SECTION 16 OF
THE FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955.

1.	For the manufacture, storage and sale of ice-cream (complete cold mix).	=	-
2.	For the storage and sale of ice-cream.	=	38
3.	For the manufacture of cooked meats and sausages.	=	4

(3). NUMBER OF INSPECTIONS OF REGISTERED FOOD PREMISES.

1.	Ice-cream premises.	=	14
2.	Manufacture of cooked meats and sausages.	=	8

(4). EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES.

Publicity material was distributed to various food premises and schools.

(5). METHOD AND DISPOSAL OF CONDEMNED FOOD.

Tinned goods etc., are buried in the Council's refuse tip after all containers have been opened.

(6). SPECIAL EXAMINATIONS.

No special examinations were made of any stock or consignment of food.

(7). ICE-CREAM HEAT TREATMENT REGULATIONS.

Samples were taken from retailers registered for the storage and sale of ice-cream and were reported on as follows:-

ICE-CREAM SAMPLES.

Grade 1	...	5
Grade 2	...	0
Grade 3	...	1
Grade 4	...	2

All registered retailers sell pre-packed ice-cream. A number of retailers from outside the area visit the District in the evenings and at weekends selling loose ice-cream, mainly in vehicles fitted for the manufacture and sale of soft ice-cream.

The standard of hygiene in these vehicles is satisfactory.

(8). MILK SUPPLIES - BRUCELLA ABORTUS.

These were 7 samples of raw milk examined during the year, 2 of which required action to prevent the sale of the milk until the herds were cleared of infection.

(9). THE LIQUID EGG (PASTEURISATION) REGULATIONS, 1963.

There are no egg pasteurisation plants in the District.

(10). FOOD HYGIENE (GENERAL) REGULATIONS, 1960.

(a).	Number of premises complying with Regulation 16.	=	90
(b).	Number of premises to which Regulation 19 applies.	=	76
(c).	Number of premises fitted to comply with Regulation 19.	=	76

No serious breach of the Regulations were found during the year, but the difficulties caused by frequent changes of staff and the failure to use facilities provided continued to be met.

(11). POULTRY INSPECTION.

There are no poultry processing premises in the District.

(12). MEAT INSPECTION.

The one small licensed slaughterhouse in the District ceased operation in April, 1969.

(13). FOOD STUFFS CONDEMNED.

Items of food weighing:- 800 lbs.

(14). SHELL-FISH (Molluscar).

There are no shellfish beds in the area.

APPENDIX.

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH IN RESPECT
OF THE YEAR 1970, FOR THE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL
OF CONNAH'S QUAY IN THE COUNTY OF FLINTSHIRE.

Prescribed Particulars on the Administration
of the Factories Act, 1937.

PART 1 OF THE ACT.

1. INSPECTIONS for purpose of provisions as to health (including inspections made by the Public Health Inspector).

<u>Premises.</u>	<u>Number on Register.</u>	<u>Inspections.</u>	<u>Written Notices.</u>	<u>Occupiers Prosecuted.</u>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
(1).Factories in which Sections 1, 2,3,4, & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	-	-	-	-
(2).Factories not included in (1) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	27	5	1	-
(3).Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (including out-workers premises.	18	6	-	-
	45	11	1	-

(2) CASES IN WHICH "DEFECTS" WERE FOUND (IF THE DEFECTS ARE DISCOVERED ON 2, 3, OR MORE SEPARATE OCCASIONS THEY SHOULD BE RECKONED AS 2, 3, OR MORE "CASES").

PARTICULARS	NUMBER OF CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.				NUMBER OF CASES IN WHICH PROSECUTIONS WERE INSTITUTED.
	FOUND	REMEDIED	TO H.M. INSPECTOR.	BY H.M. INSPECTOR	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Want of Cleanliness(S1)	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding (S2)	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable Temperature (S3)	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate Ventilation (S4)	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective Drainage of Floors (S6)	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences (S7)					
(a) Insufficient	-	-	-	-	-
(b) Unsuitable or Defective.	1	1	-	-	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other Offences against the Act (Not including offences relating to outwork).	-	-	-	-	-
<u>TOTAL.</u>	1	1	-	-	-

PART VIII OF THE ACT.

OUTWORK.

(Sections 110 and 111).

There are no outworkers registered in this District.

THE FOLLOWING IS A SUMMARY OF THE WORK CARRIED
OUT UNDER THE OFFICES, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES
ACT, 1963.

TABLE 'A'.

Registrations and General Inspections.

<u>Class of Premises.</u>	<u>Number of Premises Registered During the Year.</u>	<u>Total Number of Registered Premises at the end of the year.</u>	<u>Number of Registered Premises Receiving a general inspection during the year.</u>
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Offices	-	22	22
.....			
Retail Shops	-	62	62
.....			
Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	-	-	-
.....			
Catering Establishments open to the Public, Canteens.	3	15	15
.....			
Fuel Storage Depots.	-	-	-
<u>TOTAL.</u>	3	99	99

TABLE 'B'.

Number of visits of all kinds by
Inspectors to registered premises:

257

TABLE 'C'.

Analysis of persons employed in registered premises by workplace.

<u>Class of Workplace.</u>	<u>Number of persons employed.</u>
(1).	(2).
Offices	64
.....	
Retail Shops	168
.....	
Wholesale Department, Warehouses	-
.....	
Catering Establishments open to the Public - Canteens.	57
.....	
Fuel Storage Depots	-
.....	
<u>TOTAL.</u>	289
<u>TOTAL MALES.</u>	89
<u>TOTAL FEMALES.</u>	200

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